

## Program (9:00 am to 1:00 pm)

- Welcome
- Introduction to Jurojin
- Statistical Reliability Engineering
- Usage of Prior Knowledge
- Constant Amplitude SN-Curves – Efficient Wöhler Models
- Durability Validation for Variable Loads
- System Reliability
- Analysis of Maintenance and Warranty Data
- Conformity of Production

## Speakers

- Hannes Christiansen, Fraunhofer ITWM
- Dr. Klaus Dreßler, Fraunhofer ITWM
- Dr. Sascha Feth, Fraunhofer ITWM
- Dr. Jochen Fiedler, Fraunhofer ITWM
- Dr. Michael Speckert, Fraunhofer ITWM

Please register for this webinar under

[www.itwm.fraunhofer.de/jurojin-technology-day](http://www.itwm.fraunhofer.de/jurojin-technology-day)



## Contact with regard to content

Dr. Sascha Feth  
Product manager Jurojin  
Phone: +49 631 31600-4567  
E-mail: [sascha.feth@itwm.fraunhofer.de](mailto:sascha.feth@itwm.fraunhofer.de)

## Contact with regard to organisation

Caroline Wasser/Christine Rauch  
Office of the division »Mathematics for Vehicle Engineering«  
Fraunhofer ITWM  
Phone: +49 631 31600-1350  
E-mail: [mdf.seminare@itwm.fraunhofer.de](mailto:mdf.seminare@itwm.fraunhofer.de)

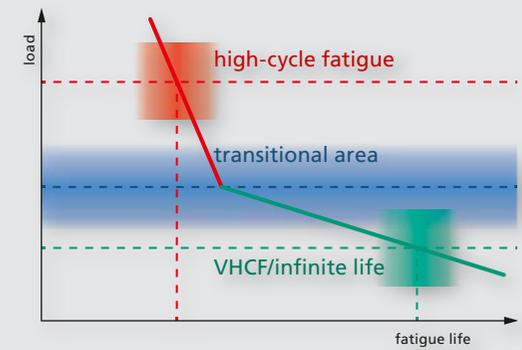
## WEBINAR

# JUROJIN TECHNOLOGY DAY – STATISTICS FOR FATIGUE TEST- ING AND RELIABILITY ANALYSIS

Monday, 1 February 2021, 9:00 am to 1:00 pm



# JUROJIN TECHNOLOGY DAY – STATISTICS FOR FATIGUE TESTING AND RELIABILITY ANALYSIS



## Introduction to Jurojin

Components that are exposed to mechanical loads need to be designed for real customer usage. Variability of loads and of production quality represent major challenges. Jurojin provides best available statistical methods for durability engineers to tackle those challenges. The software provides accurate evaluations for engineers – using sophisticated statistics without requiring the user to have advanced statistics skills.

At our technology day we demonstrate typical application examples and their efficient solution in Jurojin.

## Statistical Reliability Engineering

Fatigue tests are time-consuming and expensive. How do you prove high reliability based on few end even censored tests?

## Usage of Prior Knowledge

Mostly, reliability engineering starts from scratch – over and over again. At the same time, there is a lot of unstructured knowledge about previous component releases – somehow

similar in general, but different in detail. How can this knowledge be used in a statistically sound manner for a more efficient component release testing?

## Constant Amplitude SN-Curves – Efficient Wöhler Models

There is a huge zoo of methods to fit SN-curves to data. Almost none of them can deal with all situations, were a simple model does not describe the situation well enough. See how the ITWM model with model complexity choice can efficiently fit combined models to almost any data situation.

## Durability Validation for Variable Loads

Components are often tested against a fixed load scenario, but need to survive under variable customer loading. How do you prove high reliability against such highly variable loads?

## System Reliability

Complex mechatronic systems consist of dozens of components with different failure modes. Naive multiplication of the individual reliabilities will lead to a numerical zero for

the total system. How to address this problem and also assign confidence levels?

## Analysis of Maintenance and Warranty Data

Shortly after market launch, you might encounter early unexpected failure. Trying to forecast few failures after short time periods to the products design life is like dividing zero by zero. How do you get to reliable forecasts in such situations?

## Conformity of Production

In monitoring production to ensure quality, control variance and detect drifts, typically one only looks at the current drawn data set. How can you benefit from the knowledge aggregated in all these tests? Is there a chance of reducing the sample size over time?